LB 3054 C2 D392b data.bk.





PHYSICS DATA BOOKLET

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DEFINED VALUES AND PHYSICAL CONSTANTS

Absolute zero	—273°C
1 amp	$6.24~ imes~10^{18}$ elementary charges/sec
Charge of electrone	$1.60 \times 10^{-19} \mathrm{C}$
Coulomb of charge C	$6.24 imes 10^{18}$ elementary charges
Electron rest mass m _e	$9.109 \times 10^{-31} \text{ kg}$
Mechanical equivalent of heat	4.20 J/cal
Standard acceleration of gravity g	9.8 m/sec ²
	$32 ext{ ft/sec}^2$
Standard atmospheric pressure atm	760 mm of Hg
Velocity of sound in air at 0°C	1090 ft/sec
	331 m/sec
Velocity of sound in air at 20°C	1129 ft/sec
	344 m/sec

IMPORTANT EQUATIONS

Motion, Matter, and Energy

Uniform velocity

$$v = \frac{s}{t}$$

Average velocity

$$v_{av} = \frac{s}{t}$$

$$v_{av} = \frac{v_1 + v_2}{2}$$

Acceleration

acceleration
$$=$$
 $\frac{ ext{change in velocity}}{ ext{time interval}}$ or $a=rac{v_2-v_1}{t}$ $a=rac{\Delta v}{\Delta t}$

Centripetal acceleration (acceleration in circular motion)

$$a = \frac{v^2}{r}$$

Displacement of a uniformly accelerated object

$$s = v_1 t + \frac{1}{2}at^2$$

Newton's second law of motion

or
$$F=ma$$
 $F=rac{\Delta(mv)}{\Delta t}$ $F=rac{Wa}{a}$

Newton's law of universal gravitation

$$F = G \frac{m_1 m_2}{c^2}$$

Weight

$$W = mg$$

Law of conservation of momentum total momentum before an action = total momentum after action

Centripetal force

centripetal force
$$=\frac{Wv^2}{gr}$$

Work

work
$$= Fs$$

work $= Fs \cos \theta$

Power

or
$$P = \frac{Fs}{t}$$
$$P = Fv$$

Potential energy

or
$$E_p = mgh$$

 $E_p = Wh$

Kinetic energy

or
$$E_k = \frac{1}{2}mv^2$$

$$E_k = \frac{Wv^2}{2g}$$
 or
$$E_k = (m - m_g)c^2$$

Relativistic mass

$$m = \frac{m_o}{\sqrt{1 - (v/c)^2}}$$

Energy equivalent of mass change

$$E = \Delta mc^2$$

Coulomb's law

$$F = k \frac{Q_1 Q_2}{s^2}$$

Forces and Machines

Resultant of concurrent forces

$$\vec{R} = \sum \vec{F}$$

Equilibrium law

$$\sum F_x = 0$$

and

$$\sum F_y = 0$$

Moment of a force

$$M = FL$$

Law of moments

 $\sum M$ (clockwise) = $\sum M$ (counterclockwise)

or

$$\sum M = 0$$

Frictional force

$$F_f = kF_n$$

Coefficient of friction

$$k = \frac{F_f}{F_n}$$

Specific gravity

specific gravity

weight of object
weight of equal volume of water

or

specific gravity of $X = \frac{\text{density of } X}{\text{density of water}}$

Mass density

$$d_m = \frac{m}{V}$$

Weight density

$$dw = \frac{W}{V}$$

Pressure

$$P = \frac{F}{A}$$

Pressure in a liquid

$$P = hdw$$

Archimedes' principle

bouyant force = weight of displaced fluid

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Molecules and Heat Energy

Hooke's law

$$\Delta l = k \Delta F$$

Boyle's law

$$PV = k$$

or

$$P_1V_1 = P_2V_2$$

Linear coefficient of thermal expansion

$$\alpha = \frac{\Delta l}{l\Delta t}$$

Law of Heat Exchange

heat lost = heat gained

Heat transferred

$$\Delta Q = mc \, \Delta t$$

$$\Delta Q = mL$$

Charles' law

$$\frac{V_1}{T_1} = \frac{V_2}{T_2}$$

General gas law

$$\frac{P_1 V_1}{T_1} = \frac{P_2 V_2}{T_2}$$

Wave Motion

Frequency of a pendulum

$$f = \frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{g}{l}}$$

Period of vibration

$$T = \frac{1}{f}$$

Speed of waves

$$v = f\lambda$$

Air columns and wavelength:
Column closed at one end

$$L = \frac{\lambda}{4}, \frac{3\lambda}{4}, \frac{5\lambda}{4}, \text{ etc.}$$

Column open at both ends

$$L=rac{\lambda}{2}, rac{2\lambda}{2}, rac{3\lambda}{2}, ext{ etc.}$$

Wavelength of light from Newton's rings

$$2 t = n\lambda$$

Wavelength of light using a diffraction grating

$$\lambda = \frac{d \sin \theta}{n}$$

Electricity and Magnetism

Quantity of charge

$$Q = It$$

Rays and Radiation

Location of image formed by a mirror or lens

$$\frac{1}{D_o} + \frac{1}{D_i} = \frac{1}{f}$$

Magnification (mirror or lens)

$$M=rac{S_i}{S_o}$$
 or $M=rac{D_i}{D_o}$

Law of illumination

$$E = \frac{I}{s^2}$$

Index of refraction

$$n=rac{c}{v_m}$$
 or $n=rac{v_a}{v_m}$

Snell's law

$$n = \frac{\sin a}{\sin m}$$

Critical angle

$$n = \frac{1}{\sin c}$$

Electric field intensity

$$E = \frac{F}{Q}$$

Potential difference

$$V = \frac{\mathsf{Energy}}{Q}$$

Ohm's law

$$I = \frac{V}{R}$$

Potential difference across a resistor (IR drop)

$$V = IR$$

Total resistance in series

$$R_{\rm T} = R_1 + R_2 + R_3$$

Total resistance in parallel

$$\frac{1}{R_{\rm T}} = \frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} + \frac{1}{R_3}$$

Kirchoff's Second Rule

 \sum potential differences around a loop = 0

Power

or
$$P=VI$$
 or $P=I^2R$ or $P=rac{V^2}{R}$

Capacitance

$$C = \frac{Q}{V}$$

Force on a moving charge in a magnetic field

$$F = BOv$$

Magnetic flux

$$\Phi = BA$$

Force on a current across a magnetic field (motor effect)

$$F = BIl$$

Emf in a conductor moving perpendicularly across a magnetic field

$$V = Bvl$$

Generated (induced) emf

$$V = \frac{\Delta \Phi}{\Delta t}$$

0											0-1				-		$\overline{}$						
GROUP	4 3	4.0	01	Ne	20.2	81	Ar	39.9	36	Kr	83.8	7	×e	13/.3	90	Rin	(210) (322)						
		7.8	0	4	19.0	11	10	35.5	35	Br	79.9	5	H	126.9	85	At	(210)						
	•	64	00	0	16.0	9/	S	32.1	34	Se	79.0	52	<i>Te</i>	127.6	76 8	o	(200)						
	GROUP	5.8	7	2	14.0	15	9	31.0	33	As	74.9	15	88	1248	83	. B.	209.0 (209)						
	တ	44	9	C	12.0	#1	5.	28.1	32	Ge	72.6	50	Sn	118.7	82	Pb	207.2						
		34	10	8	8.01	13	18	27.0	3/	Ga	69.7	64	In	114.8	18	11	204.4						
1.1					1		28		30	Zn	65.4	8 7	P)	112.4	80	ř.							
3/6							101	2	2.9	Cu	635	47	P.g		79	Au	197.0						
TAI	, 3	1.0					1	`	200	Ν'.	58.7	7,4	Pa	106.4	7.8	Pt	1851						
PERIODIC TABLE					NTS-		- 88		27	Co	58.9	45	Rh		77	Ir	192.2						
SIOD			-TRANSITION ELEMENTS GROUP			N ELEME ROUP			76	Fe	55.8	44	Ru	1011	2%	00	1802 1						
)EF								2	25	Mn	34.9	43	Tc	(66)	75	Re	186.2 /						
lasta		SITIC		SITIC			ISITIC			7.8		**	Cr	52.0	42	Mo	959	74	3	183.9			
				RANS		8		200	>	50.9	14	Nb I	92.9	7.3	Ta	180.9							
							40		22 2	7.	47.9 3	40	Zr	91.2 9		He 7	178.5 18						
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					↓		38		12	Se	45.0	39	7	88.9	12-25	See 12	Series	89-103	See	Series			
	GROUP	28	*	Be	8.0	71	Mg	24.3	20	20	401	38	5	87.6	3.6	B	197.3	80	A.	(226)			
	GR	14	c	17	6.9	"	Na	23.0	61	×	39.1	37	88	85.5	53	S	132.9	28	Ą	(223)			
		\		2			3			#			7			9			7				

9	La Series	57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71	50	59	09	19	79	63	#9	65	99	67	89	69	70	1
			હ	Le Ce A. Nd Pm Sm Eu Cd Tb Os Ho Er Tm	N	o m	Sm	Eu	150	7.6	8	Ho	Er	Tm	76 14	77
		158.9	1407	198.9 1402 140.8 144.2 (147) 150.4 152.0 159.9 162.5 164.9 167.3 168.9 173.0 175.0	144.2	(141)	150.4	152.0	1593	158.9	162.5	164.9	1673	168.9	173.0	175.0
		89	90	80 80 101 001 001 68 68 16 61 68 100 101 102 103	92	68	46	28	96	66	86	66	100	101	102	103
0	le Series	Ac	774	q	7	×e	PW	Am	No Pu An Cm BK CF ES	BK	3	Es	Fm Md	PW		1m
		(222)	232.0	(227) (251) (251) (251) (242) (243) (245) (245) (251) (251) (253) (251) (251) (251)	2380	(237)	(2+2)	(243)	(440)	(245)	(251)	(254)	(253)	(256)	(454)	(257)

Parenthetical values are mass numbers of the isotopes with longest half lives

TABLE OF NATURAL TRIGONOMETRIC FUNCTIONS

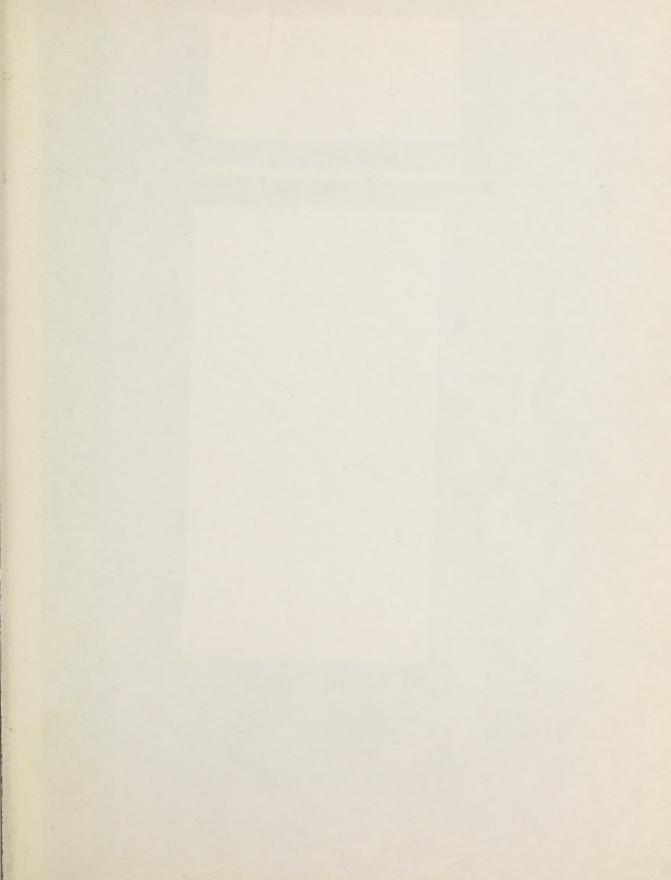
Angle	Sine	Cosine	Tangent	Angle	Sine	Cosine	Tangent
1°	.0175	.9998	.0175	46°	.7193	.6947	1.0355
2°	.0349	.9994	.0349	47°	.7314	.6820	1.0724
3°	.0523	.9986	.0524	48°	.7431	.6691	1.1106
4°	.0698	.9976	.0699	49°	.7547	.6561	1.1504
5°	.0872	.9962	.0875	50°	.7660	.6428	1.1918
6°	.1045	.9945	.1051	51°	.7771	.6293	1.2349
7°	.1219	.9925	.1228	52°	.7880	.6157	1.2799
8°	.1392	.9903	.1405	53°	.7986	.6018	1.3270
9°	.1564	.9877	.1584	54°	.8090	.5878	1.3764
10°	.1736	.9848	.1763	55°	.8192	.5736	1.4281
11°	.1908	.9816	.1944	56°	.8290	.5592	1.4826
12°	.2079	.9781	.2126	57°	.8387	.5446	1.5399
13°	.2250	.9744	.2309	58°	.8480	.5299	1.6003
14°	.2419	.9703	.2493	59°	.8572	.5150	1.6643
15°	.2588	.9659	.2679	60°	.8660	.5000	1.7321
16°	.2756	.9613	.2867	61°	.8746	.4848	1.8040
17°	.2924	.9563	.3057	62°	.8829	.4695	1.8807
18°	.3090	.9511	.3249	63°	.8910	.4540	1.9626
19°	.3256	.9455	.3443	64°	.8988	.4384	2.0503
20°	.3420	.9397	.3640	65°	.9063	.4226	2.1445
21°	.3584	.9336	.3839	66°	.9135	.4067	2.2460
22°	.3746	.9272	.4040	67°	.9205	.3907	2.3559
23°	.3907	.9205	.4245	68°	.9272	.3746	2.4751
24°	.4067	.9135	.4452	69°	.9336	.3584	2.6051
25°	.4226	.9063	.4663	70°	.9397	.3420	2.7475
26°	.4384	.8988	.4877	71°	.9455	.3256	2.9042
27°	.4540	.8910	5095	72°	.9511	.3090	3.0777
28°	.4695	.8829	.5317	73°	.9563	.2924	3.2709
29°	.4848	.8746	.5543	74°	.9613	.2756	3.4874
30°	.5000	.8660	.5774	75°	.9659	.2588	3.7321
31°	.5150	.8572	.6009	76°	.9703	.2419	4.0108
32°	.5299	.8480	.6249	77°	.9744	.2250	4.3315
33°	.5446	.8387	.6494	78°	.9781	.2079	4.7046
34°	.5592	.8290	.6745	79°	.9816	.1908	5.1446
35°	.5736	.8192	.7002	80°	.9848	.1736	5.6713
36°	.5878	.8090	.7265	81°	.9877	.1564	6.3138
37°	.6018	.7986	.7536	82°	.9903	.1392	7.1154
38°	.6157	.7880	.7813	83°	.9925	.1219	8.1443
39°	.6293	.7771	.8098	84°	.9945	.1045	9.5144
40°	.6428	.7660	.8391	85°	.9962	.0872	11.4301
41° 42° 43° 44° 45°	.6561 .6691 .6820 .6947 .7071	.7547 .7431 .7314 .7193 .7071	.8693 .9004 .9325 .9657 1.0000	86° 87° 88° 89° 90°	.9976 .9986 .9994 .9998 1.0000	.0698 .0523 .0349 .0175 .0000	14.3007 19.0811 28.6363 57.2900

Table of Prefixes

The following prefixes are used to indicate decimal fractions or multiples of units in the metric system.

	F	RACTION	rs	M	JLTIPLE	S
P	refix	Value	Symbol	Prefix	Value	Symbol
n	leci enti nilli nicro iano pico	10^{-1} 10^{-2} 10^{-3} 10^{-6} 10^{-9} 10^{-12}	d c m μ n p	kilo mega giga tera	10 ³ 10 ⁶ 10 ⁹ 10 ¹²	k M G T





LB 3054 C2 D392B DATA-BK-PHYSICS ACHIEVEMENT TEST --

NL 39946557 CURR HIST



DATE DUE SLIP

F255	0



